



## PATIENT

Fraydoh Valle

## SPECIES

Feline

## BREED

DSH

## SEX

MN

## AGE

3yr

## WEIGHT

16.5lb

## INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,  
DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Brittney Beigel, DVM

## HOSPITAL NAME

Bayside Animal  
Medical Center

## REFERRING VET

Rebekah Sims, DVM

## INVOICE

23379

## DATE

12/29/2025

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Vomiting x 2 days, not eating x 2 days \_\_ Elevated ALT. radiographs not consistent w/ FB or overt blockage in GIT; P was fasted for US scan, no sedation needed; O opts for US to look for reasons for elevated ALT r/o GB, liver, other abdominal pathology

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Attached

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with mild non-dependent particulate sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. A hyperechoic corticomedullary band, consistent with a medullary rim sign, was present. This is a nonspecific finding seen in both normal and abnormal kidneys. It may be associated with interstitial renal disease, hypercalcemia, tubular necrosis, lymphoma, and FIP. However, it is a nonspecific finding. The left kidney measured 4.2 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.5 cm in length.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

### Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.30 cm width. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.34 cm width.

### Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

### Liver/Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. Normal vascular volume. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and mild non-organized debris. The proximal common bile duct was dilated and mildly tortuous without overt post hepatic obstruction.

### Gastrointestinal



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The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of mechanical/metabolic ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

### ***Pancreas***

The area of the pancreas was sonographically normal.

### ***Free Abdomen***

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

### **Primary**

- Sonographically normal liver
- Mild gallbladder debris, mild non-obstructive proximal common bile duct dilation
- Normal gastrointestinal tract/area of pancreas
- Non-specific bilateral medullary rim sign
- Mild urine sediment

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Hepatobiliary inflammatory disease, i.e., cholangiohepatitis, is suspected in conjunction with ALT elevation, mild gallbladder debris, and suspect mild proximal cholangitis. Assuming normal clotting status and using a 25g needle, a hepatic FNA for screening cytology could be considered to assess for inflammatory cell type. No evidence of gastrointestinal obstructive pattern, foreign material, gastrointestinal mural pathology or active pancreatitis. Emerging triad disease may be possible if persistent or progressive hepatopathy, gastrointestinal signs or evidence of weight loss. A UA is recommended if not already done.



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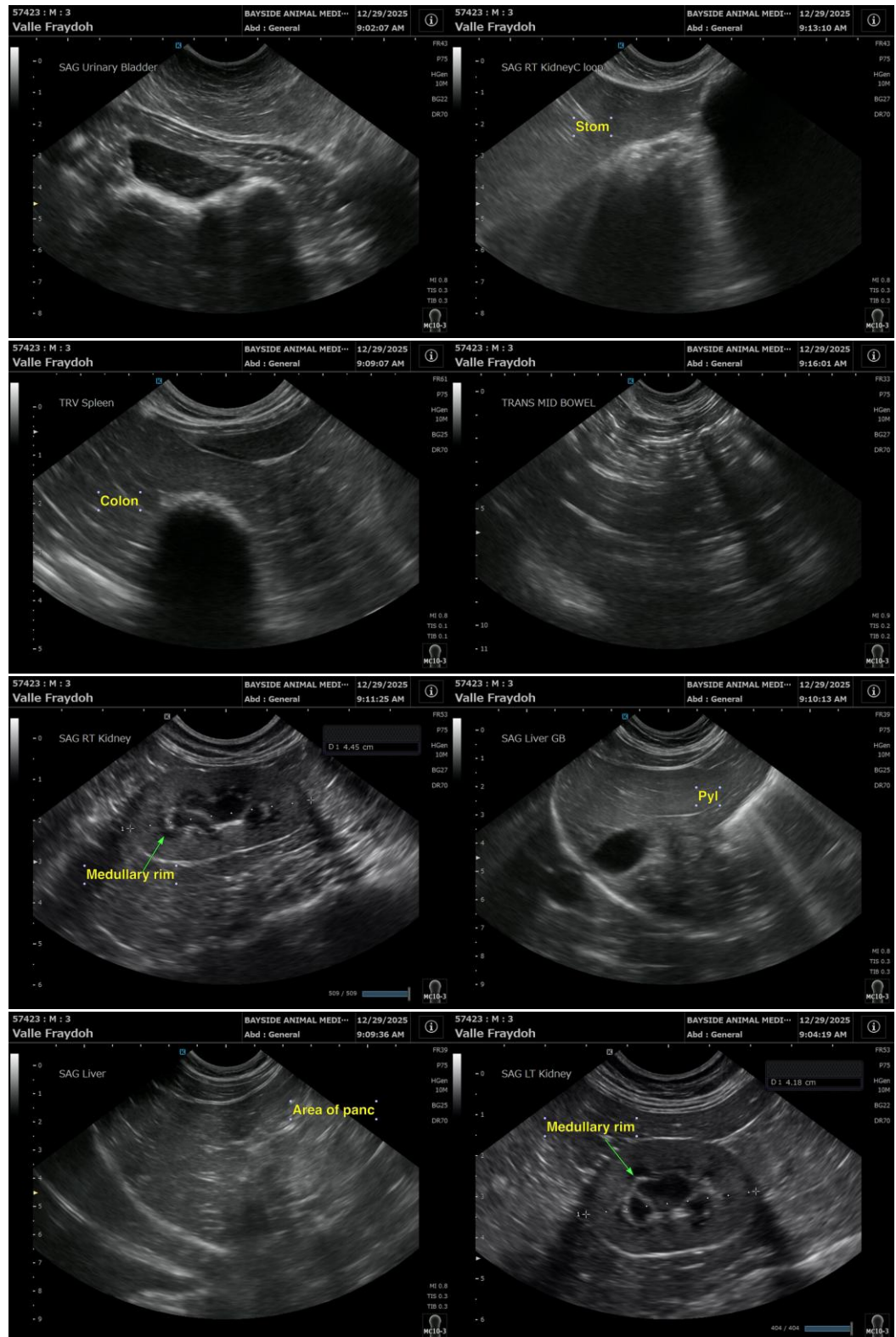
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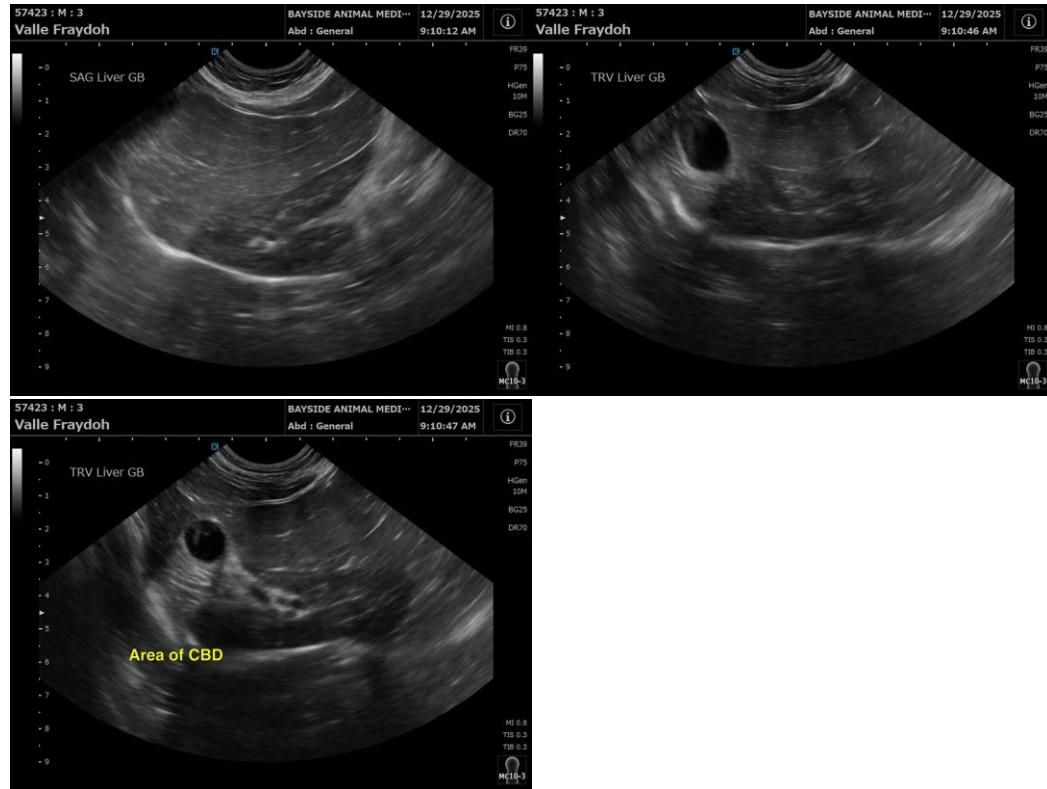
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine/Feline Practice)  
[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)